## What is Claimed:

- 1. An isolated mammalian TGFβ-encoding nucleic acid comprising:
- (a) a pro-TGF $\beta$  polynucleotide encoding a mammalian pro-TGF $\beta$  polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide does not encode a cysteine residue within the first ten amino acid residues of the pro-TGF $\beta$  polypeptide; and
- (b) a signal polynucleotide encoding a heterologous signal polypeptide, wherein the signal polynucleotide is in frame with the pro-TGFβ polynucleotide.
- 2. An isolated mammalian TGF $\beta$ -encoding nucleic acid according to claim 1 wherein the pro-TGF $\beta$  polynucleotide encodes a mammalian pro-TGF $\beta$  polypeptide comprising a mature TGF $\beta$  portion and a LAP portion, wherein the mature TGF $\beta$  portion is 95% identical to a mature human TGF $\beta$  molecule.
- 3. An isolated mammalian TGF $\beta$ -encoding nucleic acid according to claim 2 wherein the pro-TGF $\beta$  polynucleotide is selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a pro-TGF $\beta$  polynucleotide encoding a pro-TGF $\beta$  polypeptide, wherein the mature TGF $\beta$  portion is identical to mature human TGF $\beta$ 1;
- (b) a pro-TGFβ polynucleotide encoding a pro-TGFβ polypeptide, wherein the mature TGFβ portion is identical to mature human TGFβ2;
- (c) a pro-TGFβ polynucleotide encoding a pro-TGFβ polypeptide, wherein the mature TGFβ portion is identical to mature human TGFβ3;
- (d) a pro-TGF $\beta$  polynucleotide encoding a pro-TGF $\beta$  polypeptide, wherein the mature TGF $\beta$  portion is identical to mature human TGF $\beta$ 1, and wherein the LAP portion is at least 90% identical to the LAP portion of human pro TGF $\beta$ 1;
- (e) a pro-TGF $\beta$  polynucleotide encoding a pro-TGF $\beta$  polypeptide, wherein the mature TGF $\beta$  portion is identical to mature human TGF $\beta$ 2, and wherein the LAP portion is at least 90% identical to the LAP portion of human pro TGF $\beta$ 2; and
- (f) a pro-TGF $\beta$  polynucleotide encoding a pro-TGF $\beta$  polypeptide, wherein the mature TGF $\beta$  portion is identical to mature human TGF $\beta$ 3, and wherein the LAP portion is at least 90% identical to the LAP portion of human pro TGF $\beta$ 3.
- 4. An isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 3, further comprising a tag polynucleotide encoding a purification tag polypeptide, wherein the tag polynucleotide is located between, and in frame with, the signal polynucleotide and the pro-TGFβ polynucleotide.

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5. An isolated eukaryotic cell line comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 4.

- 6. A vector comprising the isolated mammalian TGFβ-encoding nucleic acid molecule of claim 4.
- 7. An expression vector comprising the isolated mammalian TGFβ-encoding nucleic acid molecule of claim 4.
- 8. The expression vector of claim 7, wherein the nucleic acid is operatively linked to the regulatory sequence in an antisense orientation.
- 9. The expression vector of claim 8, wherein the polynucleotide is operatively linked to the regulatory sequence in a sense orientation.
  - 10. A host cell comprising the nucleic acid of claim 4, or progeny of the cell.
  - 11. The host cell of claim 10, which is a eukaryote.
- 12. The host cell of claim 11, wherein the nucleic acid is operatively linked to the regulatory sequence in an antisense orientation.
  - 13. The polynucleotide of claim 4 that is RNA.
  - 14. An isolated polypeptide encoded by a nucleic acid of claim 1.
  - 15. The polypeptide of claim 14 that has the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, or SEQ ID NO:4.
  - 16. The isolated polypeptide of claim 14 that is fused with a heterologous peptide.
- 17. A method of producing mature TGFβ polypeptide comprising culturing an isolated eukaryotic cell line according to claim 5 in culture medium under conditions wherein greater than 25 mg of mature TGFβ per liter of culture medium is produced; and recovering the TGFβ polypeptide from the isolated cell line or its medium.
  - 18. A method of producing mature TGFβ polypeptide comprising:
- (a) culturing an isolated eukaryotic cell line according to claim 5 in culture medium under conditions to produce TGFβ complex in the culture medium, wherein TGFβ complex

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- (b) purifying the TGFβ complex by binding the TGFβ complex with a binding agent that specifically binds the purification tag polypeptide;
- (c) activating the TGFβ complex to dissociate mature TGFβ from associated LAP polypeptide; and
  - (d) separating mature TGFβ polypeptide from the LAP polypeptide; and
  - (e) recovering the  $TGF\beta$  polypeptide from the isolated cell line or its medium.
- 19. A method of producing mature TGF $\beta$  polypeptide according to claim 18, wherein purified mature TGF $\beta$  is produced with a yield of greater than 15 mg per liter of culture medium and a purity of greater than 98%.
- 20. An isolated Chinese hamster ovary cell line comprising a pro-TGF $\beta$  polynucleotide encoding a mammalian pro-TGF $\beta$  polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide does not encode a cysteine residue within the first ten amino acid residues of the pro-TGF $\beta$  polypeptide, or progeny of the cell line.
- 21. A method of producing mature TGF $\beta$  polypeptide comprising culturing an isolated eukaryotic cell line according to claim 20 in culture medium under conditions wherein greater than 25 mg of mature TGF $\beta$  per liter of culture medium is produced; and recovering the TGF $\beta$  polypeptide from the isolated cell line or its medium.
- 22. A method of producing mature TGFβ polypeptide comprising culturing an isolated eukaryotic cell line comprising a recombinant pro-TGFβ polynucleotide encoding a mammalian pro-TGFβ polypeptide, wherein the polynucleotide does not encode a cysteine residue within the first ten amino acid residues of the pro-TGFβ polypeptide, and wherein the cell line is cultured under conditions that produce greater than 25 mg of mature TGFβ per liter of culture medium; and recovering the TGFβ polypeptide from the isolated cell line or its medium.